'In the Pacific, in the middle of nowhere' - or is it?

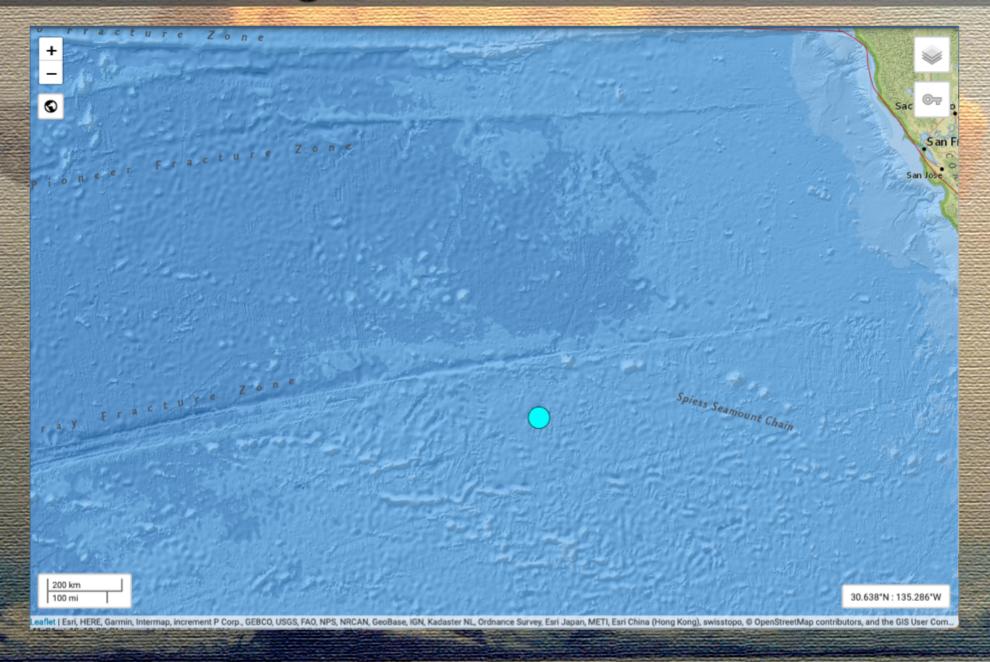
M 6.0 - North Pacific Ocean

2022-11-02 04:53:13 (UTC) 31.510°N 133.351°W

10.0 km depth

not super-informative on first sight

source: NEIC (National Earthquake Information Center), USGS



(358, 83, -171)

Nodal Planes

M 6.0 - North Pacific Ocean

2022-11-02 04:53:13 (UTC) 31.510°N 133.351°W 10.0 km depth

Moment Tensor

View all moment-tensor products (2 total)

Contributed by US 1 last updated 2022-11-02 22:19:17 (UTC)

- The data below are the most preferred data available

W-phase Moment Tensor (Mww)

The data below	have been reviewed	by a scientist		

1.284e+18 N-m Moment 6.01 Mww Magnitude 13.5 km Depth 59% Percent DC 3.10 sHalf Duration



(267, 81, -7)

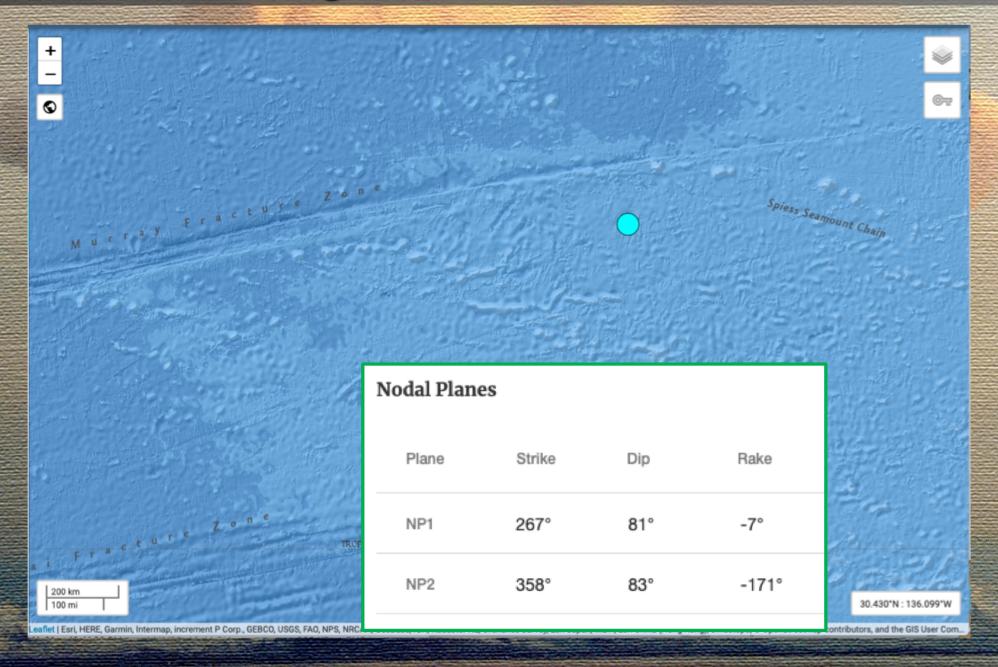
Plane Strike Dip Rake 81° -7° NP₁ 267°





- is this aligned with any known fracture zone?
- 3) why could distance between epicenter and FZ be so large?

source: NEIC (National Earthquake Information Center), USGS



From Week 6 - The SAF and its Neighbors

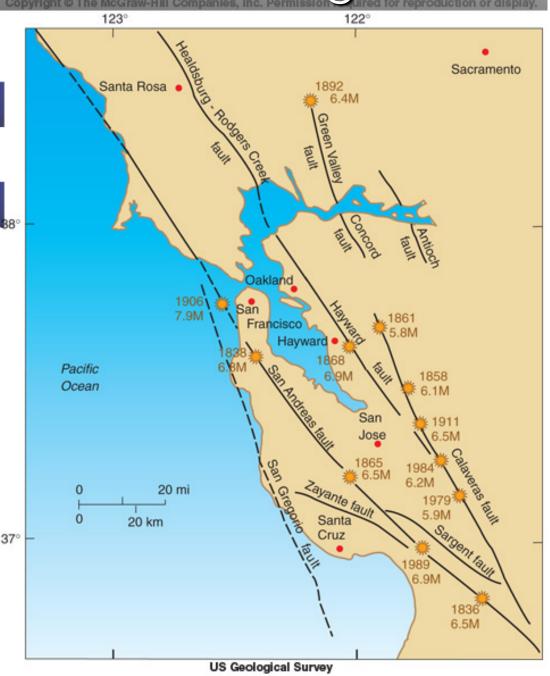
EQ not only on SAF

north: Hayward, Calaveras, etc

Calaveras well-know for M=≥5.5

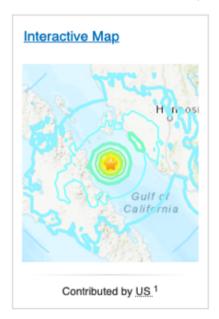
07/01/1911 M = 6.5 08/06 1979 M = 5.8 04/24 1984 M = 6.2 10/30 2007 M = 5.6

10/25/2022 M = 5.1 same location as 1984



M 6.1 - 80 km SSW of Bahía de Kino, Mexico

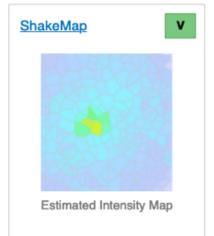
2022-11-04 10:02:46 (UTC) 28.175°N 112.303°W 10.0 km depth

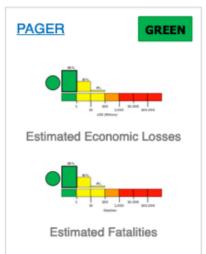




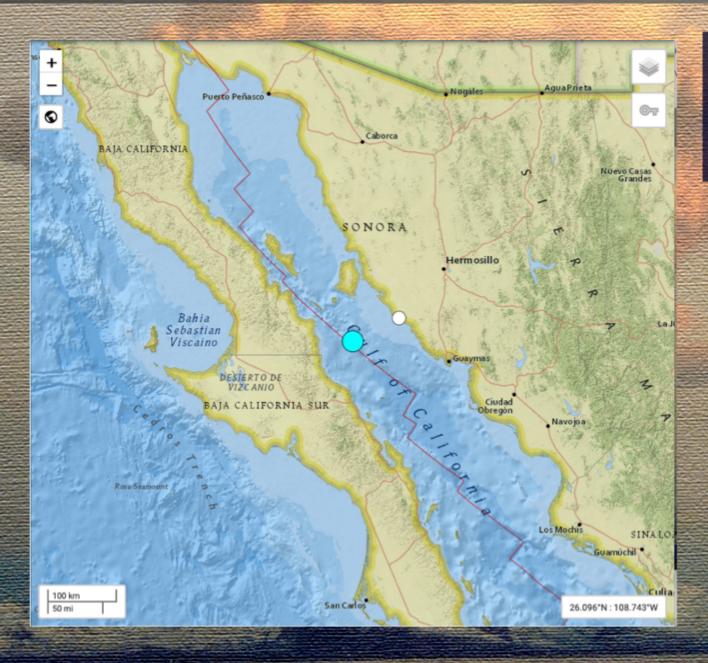




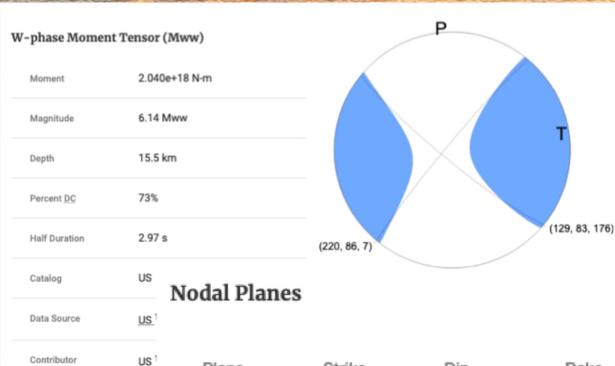








two types of plate boundary in the Gulf of California



earthquake mechanism

Plane	Strike	Dip	Rake
NP1	220°	86°	7°
NP2	129°	83°	176°

is this aligned with any know faults
what type of earthquake?
is this consistent with the type of plate boundary?

Sangay Volcano - Ecuador



Sangay Volcano - Ecuador



Sangay – Ecuador

- One of Ecuador's 50 volcanoes
- Summit: 17,160 ft
- Active since 2019

source:wikipedia

SIO15 2022: Discussion Session Week 7